

RED CROSS STREET FAIR COMPLETE SUCCESS; WILL YIELD \$12,500 OR MORE

FINANCE COMMITTEE HAD
NOT COMPLETED COUNT OF
MONEY UP TO NOON TODAYReceipts of War Pageant and
Other Shows Not
Yet In.

ALL BOOTHS SELL OUT

Many Stands Are Compelled to Close
Before 11 O'clock as New Supply
of Stock Could Not Be Secured to
Fill the Demand; Run Special Cars.

The three day street fair held Thursday, Friday and Saturday for the benefit of the Connellsville branch of the Red Cross was a complete success in every way. More than \$12,500 was realized according to the official report of the finance committee up to noon today. The report for Saturday night's sale alone was \$7,397.93, and it is known that all returns are not yet in. The money standing out is expected to greatly increase that total. More than \$1,500 has been realized on the war pageant, which has not been counted in with Saturday night's total.

Starting out with \$5,000 as the goal of the fair, the committee in charge of it are highly elated over the great success it has been. The success of the fair only again demonstrates the ability of Connellsville to go over the top in anything undertaken.

On Saturday, the largest crowd of the entire week was in the city, and money flowed into every booth in a steady stream. The crowd was in a good mood and many of the stands sold completely out by 11 o'clock. Special street cars carried hundreds here from outside points.

The shows on the midway were filled to capacity for all performances and thousands filled the streets around the library lawn to witness the war pageant.

To celebrate the success of the pageant a big parade of all workers and those who assisted in the fair will be held this evening. The parade will be held at 8:15 o'clock and those who are to participate in it are requested to meet at the Maccabee hall in South Pittsburgh street at 8 o'clock.

The members of the Connellsville Military band are requested to meet at the City Hall at 7:30 in their green uniforms, and Company C is requested to assemble at 7:30 o'clock. The West Side Volunteer firemen will take part in uniforms.

After the parade the war pageant will be repeated this evening on the library lawn at 9 o'clock for the benefit of the Red Cross workers who were not able to leave their booths last week to see it.

It was learned here today that Judge J. Q. Van Swearingen, who was to have made the opening address here Thursday evening, did not know the exact date on which he was expected in the city. He had been invited here several weeks previous to the fair and that time was not told the date of the opening night. He did not that he was expected here on Thursday until the following day. When a friend told him he had been expected here the evening before, Judge Van Swearingen got in touch with the Red Cross officials and explained to them why he was not on hand for the opening and expressed his desire to see the fair made a success.

The total amount thrown on the large Red Cross emblem carried by 13 young women of the Mount Bradford Red Cross, during the three days of the fair was \$244.95. R. Marietta donated one dollar for every girl carrying the emblem. The amount received on each night was as follows: Thursday night, \$65; Friday night, \$77; Saturday night, \$302.95.

The prizes in the popularity contest conducted in connection with the baby show, which was one of the most successful attractions of the fair, will be awarded by choice and will be distributed to the winners Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock at J. W. McClellan's store. The votes were counted by A. A. Straub and Paul B. Dick. The winners in the contest were announced today by Mrs. H. C. Hays as follows:

1. Robert Lee Stains 7,175; 2. Donald Byron Jones 6,400; 3. Irene Schraishuhn 2,650; 4. Buddy Stader 2,315; 5. Dorothy Jean Hill 2,235; 6. Betty Glenn Porter 2,100; 7. Anna Katherine Walker 1,915; 8. Helen Francis Chambliss 1,600; 9. Virginia Francis Pierce 1,467; 10. Cora Ellen Means 1,312; 11. Pearl Seisson 1,205; 12. Betty Jane Crocker 1,205; 13. C. R. Matthews 1,156; 14. Ida Mae Skiles 1,153; 15. Betty Dick 1,075.

The cakes sold by the Philip Freeman Chapter of the Daughters of American Revolution were won by Mrs. J. J. Robson and Lou Rhodes. Frank Leighty of Alverton won the hand-painted vase.

In the famous woman's guessing contest the winners were "Clara Barton," Anna Seese; "Joan of Arc," Gertrude Marietta. The numbers were drawn by Reid Brown. The dolls were donated by Mrs. A. The dolls were donated by Mrs. A.

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SUCCESS OF FAIR WAS
DUE TO TOTAL WOMEN OF
THE CITY, SAYS MAYOR

"You'll have to hand it to the women of Connellsville for the amazing success of the Red Cross Fair," Mayor Dugan said Saturday evening in enthusiastic admiration of what had been accomplished through their efforts. "I don't believe there is another town in the United States of its size, or even larger, and certainly none in Pennsylvania, that has a more loyal, unselfish, patriotic, willing and untiring band of women workers than Connellsville, when it comes to putting anything like this across. My hat is off to every one of them."

"And I was just on the point of saying," remarked Captain Harry Dunn, who was one of the group to whom Mayor Dugan addressed his remarks, "that what has been done here this week makes me proud of my town than I have ever been before."

CONNELLVILLE CAN'T
BE BEAT IN GOING OVER
THE TOP ON EVERYTHINGIs the Way Our Boys Over There Look
at It: How They Are Cheered by
Good Long Letters From Home.

It has often been observed by The Courier that the boys in France are keeping close watch upon what we here at home do in the way of backing them up. Through letters and our activities and are encouraged or discouraged accordingly "as we do more or less than they expect. The same way with letters. The kind we write has everything to do with the impression their receipt creates. If cheerful and patriotic, the recipients are spurred to a new enthusiasm. These facts find illustration in the letter written to Elmer McMurtry of The Courier force by Ralph Sliger, now of Company H, 110th Infantry, now of a tract from which was quoted in these columns Saturday.

"I just received your letter," he writes, and sure was glad to get it. That is the kind of a letter a fellow likes to receive—one filled clear full of patriotism. We all know that you people back home are with us in everything we undertake and that helps a whole lot. I tell you.

"I get The Courier and of course I see how the people go over the top in everything they undertake. Good old Connellsville and Fayette county can't be beat!

"France, or that big part of it I have been in, is a beautiful farming country. It rains about 20 days out of 30 so the crops grow good, but of the mud! I wish you could have seen me the last time I came out of the trenches. Mud, mud, yes mud, that kind that sticks to everything that gets against it. But you know, Elmer, a little mud or a mob of heathen Germans cannot stop an army of Yankees."

"I wish you could have a ride on the railroad trains they have over here. I had one of three days two nights in a little compartment in a car with flat wheels that I shall never forget. It was an experience that I know you people back home will never enjoy, unless you are in a wreck."

"I believe that you know that the boys tried to get us when we came over, but we beat them at the game. The Hunns dropped several bombs on a camp we were in shortly after we arrived in France, and we beat them at that, too. In fact, we beat them at everything they start."

"I sleep in a small tent right down on the hard ground. The weather has been very cold and wet since we have been here but it has not hurt me in the least, and I am well and feeling fine. In fact, I don't think I ever felt better in my life."

"I know you are a busy man, but not too busy to write to me, so I want you to write real often. Don't wait to get an answer from me because I may be up in the front line and not have a chance to write so often. You understand how I would appreciate it to come back and find a good long letter from you."

"I would like to see John Cooley with his short hair cut. He should see me. I had my hair shaved off. Most of us keep our hair cut close all the time—not so much chance for them to hide, you know."

Infant Dies.
Mary Sherman, one year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael died Saturday. Funeral services were held this afternoon from St. John's Slavish church, with interment in St. John's cemetery.

To Report on "Ace" Pins.
All persons who sold "ace" pins during the Red Cross fair are requested to turn them in to H. G. Batten at the Maccabee building.

Continued on Page Two.

HEARTIEST THANKS
GIVEN ALL WORKERS
AND FAIR PATRONSChairmen Hooper and Kurtz
Record Their Sincere
Appreciation.

THE MAGNIFICENT SUCCESS

Was Due to the Untiring Efforts of
the Committee, the Ladies, Churches
and Other Agencies Having Part in
Connellsville's Remarkable Event.

The officers of the Red Cross are unstinted in their praise of the faithfulness, untiring efforts and tireless energy of the workers and the open-handed generosity of all those who contributed to the magnificent success of the street fair. In a statement issued this morning T. J. Hooper, chairman of the local chapter says:

"The executive committee of the Connellsville branch, through the press of the city, desires to express their sincere appreciation of the excellent spirit of broad helpfulness during the days of the Red Cross street fair. The city has never been so enthusiastically aroused; the spirit of loyalty and patriotism has never attained greater heights than on this occasion."

"The efforts put forth by the people of our community have been most gratifying to the executive committee and while this spirit has never been in question with the members of that body, we must confess the results exceeded our greatest expectations. The hearts of the people were in this great cause. Their purses were open; all did grandly what their hands found to do."

"Councilman Pryce chairman of the general committee worked untiringly and cheerfully through it all and everyone associated with him in committee work has our sincere thanks. The newspapers were so liberal and cordial in their support that they did much for the very beginning to assure the fair's success. The ministers of all the churches and the church people individually and collectively did their work well."

"The various bands, with their splendid and entrancing music, contributed greatly to the success of the event. The mayor of our city, the city council, the are department and police did everything possible for the safety of the people. The services of the Boy Scouts and Company G were fully appreciated by the Red Cross and all who observed their work."

"The various auxiliaries of our branch were as loyal and helpful during the fair as they are in the various departments of Red Cross work from day to day. To every woman, man, boy and girl who helped in any way, we thank you heartily, including in our appreciation Miss Alpha Burkhardt, director of the pageant and Prof. J. L. Rodriguez, director of the music for this inspiring feature of the fair."

"We do not hesitate to say that through the persevering efforts of the committee there has been given the event of its kind ever held in Connellsville for a cause that deserved and has received the best efforts of all who took part and those who so generously patronized it. The Red Cross in Connellsville appreciates the magnificent support given it by our people and takes this means of thanking all."

J. Fred Kurtz, chairman of the Fayette county chapter, extends his congratulations to the Connellsville branch in an equally cordial manner as follows:

"The success of the street fair held by you in Connellsville has been so complete from both a financial and amusement standpoint, and the energy, initiative, and ingenuity displayed by the members of the Connellsville branch and its auxiliaries, as well as the citizens of this city, so wonderful in their result and expression that it is with the greatest pleasure I express to you the sincere appreciation of the Fayette county chapter, feeling that such resourcefulness and enthusiastic work on the part of the Connellsville branch can be not set a splendid example for all other branches and auxiliaries of the Fayette county chapter to follow."

"The willing, self-sacrificing efforts of all those who had charge of, participated in, and contributed to the marvelous success of this street fair speaks in the highest possible way of their patriotism and loyalty."

"I am quite sure that no more pretentious and successful undertaking in behalf of the American Red Cross has ever been attempted by any community of similar or much larger size in the United States."

"It is with the greatest admiration that the Fayette county chapter extends its hearty congratulations to the Connellsville branch on its splendid performance, being confident that it will continue its energetic and aggressive work in behalf of the American Red Cross."

To Report on "Ace" Pins.
All persons who sold "ace" pins during the Red Cross fair are requested to turn them in to H. G. Batten at the Maccabee building.

Continued on Page Two.

KAISER'S NEPHEW AND
HIS MONOCLE CAPTURED
BY AMERICAN SOLDIERS

LONDON, Sept. 9.—A nephew of the Kaiser is among 71 prisoners taken by the Americans in the last 36 hours' fighting, according to a front dispatch last night.

His name is not given in the dispatch. The only detail about him so far known is that he wears a monocle.

He is the first kin of the house of Hohenzollern to fall into American hands.

HOPE IS HELD OUT
FOR FRANCIS ERB,
MEMBER OF CO. DWar Department Telegram
States He Was Not With
110th on July 30.

HE MAY STILL BE ALIVE

West Newton Minister Over There
at the Time Did Not See the Name
of Erb Among Connellsville Boys
Killed; Erb Was With Gas Wallace.

A government telegram received from the war board in Washington by Mrs. J. H. Erb of Chestnut street, mother of Francis L. Erb, who was reported killed in the battle beginning July 15, may change the official reports received here and there is now a probability that the Erb killed was not the Erb from Connellsville. The telegram Mrs. Erb received read:

"It appears that Francis L. Erb, who was reported killed was not with the 110th Infantry on July 30 as previously stated."

This telegram may lead to the possibility that Erb was not killed at all and the report of his death even though official may be unfounded. There are a large number of Erbs in the United States army and especially in the 110th, as Francis Erb in writing home to his mother while he was still in camp said: "Almost every other man here is an Erb."

J. H. Erb has quite a few relatives living in the vicinity of Philadelphia and some of which are in the army at present. The telegram received by Mrs. Erb contained a sheet of questions concerning Francis which was to be filled out and sent back to headquarters by return mail. Mr. Erb has written in the American Red Cross in France asking them for details of Francis' death, but to date no word has been received from them.

A friend of Mrs. Erb who visited here recently and who lives in West Newton personally heard a war minister delivered by a West Newton minister who had returned from the front where he had been with the 110th Regiment in the trenches. Having been among the boys during the recent Marne battle and having seen all the dead and wounded 110th boys he was in a position to give first hand information about their activities there. While he was there he saw Milton Bishop after he was killed. He went among the companies and took down the names and addresses of all those who were dead or wounded that he might inform their families of them.

Out of the whole 110th Regiment the only one from Connellsville was Milton Bishop. The name of an Erb was not mentioned or was he reported lost.

In a letter received here by Mrs. Catharine Wallace from her son, A. H. Wallace, who was a companion of Francis and who was always with him, said: "Francis and I were together in a little dugout during the latter part of this battle and the only thing we had to eat was bread and molasses."

Wallace and Erb were in charge of two one-pound trench mortars and it may be that they were not with the infantry as the telegram stated. Mrs. Erb says she now believes that Francis is not dead and she still holds out hope that word will be received soon that he is still alive.

Girl at Lewis Home.
Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Lewis of the West Side are receiving congratulations upon the birth of a daughter Friday. The father is manager of the Douglas Business college here.

Weather Forecast

Fair tonight and Tuesday; cooler
Tuesday is the noon weather forecast
for Western Pennsylvania.

Temperature Record.

Maximum 1913. 1917.
Minimum 51 57
Mean 65 63The Yough river fell during the
night from 2.50 to 2.30 feet.DARR TELLS OF
ACTIVITIES IN
MARNE BATTLELocal Boy With Medical De-
tachment Has Helmet Blown
Off By Shell.

GERMANS ARE ON THE RUN

Necessary For Allies to Use Motor
Trucks to Bring Men Up Fast
Enough to Chase Them; Only Big
Shells and Air Bombers Bother Now.

In a letter received from J. A. Darr, a member of the Medical Detachment of the 110th Regiment, written on August 6, while in action, he tells of some of his experiences in dodging a barrage fire and taking an automobile ambulance after three wounded soldiers. In one case he tells of having his helmet blown from his head by a shell which burst nearby. The letter, written August 5, follows:

"We had the Hunns going so fast that we had to haul our men up on motor trucks and the big guns couldn't keep pace. I am writing this with German ink which was left on a man in one of these houses. We were back in a woods resting the other day, or night, when a German bombing plane bombed us. One hit among Company D. I thought those big shells raised a racket, but they have nothing on these bombs."

"Our gang has had some pretty hot ones in the last few weeks. We are not bothered with machine guns or anything like that but several times they kept us busy with big shells and gas. Those big ones fly recklessly around anywhere and when they hit you have to be a distance away."

"We were going up through a field the other night when the Germans started a barrage. Single file and 300 yards between each man. No matter how often you have been in on it, you are going to be scared. In order to dodge the shrapnel it is necessary to fall to the ground. Our 'belles' got sore as the devil before we got through."

"One fog follow hit about 30 yards from our little line and about 100 yards from me. I got the worst of it. My helmet blew off my head and dirt covered us all. Nobody hurt, but scared as the dickens. We were the rest of the distance in no time."

"Mose and I had a 'fine evening' later on. We had three wounded men lying out on a field and our boys advanced about two miles that night so at 12 o'clock midnight, Mose and I and a driver started out with them and a Ford ambulance. It was pretty dark and just enough over shot shells coming back to us to let us know where we were. We took the car down the road to find the bridge blown up so we went around through wheat fields and woods. The little Ford got stuck several times in shell holes and we had to walk ahead to guide the driver."

"At last we reached the three men on the top of a little knob and finally got back. This is all the paper I could scrape up so I will close."

SCOTDALE SOLDIER
HOME FROM FRANCE.

Sergeant William Bell, a son of Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Bell of Spring street, Scottdale, arrived home on Saturday morning on a town day furlough. He is a member of the intelligence department of the 110th Regiment.

Bill brought with him a few clips of German ammunition, a German gas and helmet. He has been assigned to Camp Meade as an instructor and took part in the second battle of the Marne, leaving France and our boys on August 12th. He came across on the vessel that brought Captain Roosevelt. Sergeant Bell well known was the most popular boy that Scottdale ever had. On Saturday and all day the Bell home was crowded with friends who welcomed him back.

Sergeant Bell was reluctant to discuss his own part in the great battle but said that the boys did great work. He stated that if he were choosing an occupation it wouldn't be war but that we all have to fight to get it over and he is mighty willing to do his share to have it done quickly. Bell is in the best of health. He joined Company D and was transferred from L to headquarters department.

SERGEANT FRED THOMAS
IS SAFELY OVERSEAS

R. O. Thomas received a card this morning announcing the safe arrival overseas of his son Sergeant William F. Thomas who is a member of 51st Company, Replacement Battalion, Sergeant Thomas went to Camp Lee June 26. He was early made a corporal and shortly afterward promoted to sergeant.

Lieut. John J. Thomas, the eldest son of Mr. Thomas, who received his training at Camp Dix, is now an instructor at the Medical Officers' Training Camp, Camp Greentree, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

Oppenheim Leaves Tonight.
Samuel Oppenheim, who has enlisted in the Jewish legion, left tonight.

BRITISH TROOPS IN OLD
TRENCHES OF 1917; HUNS
ONLY 200 YARDS AWAYMEDICAL DETACHMENT
BOYS FEAST ON GREEN
BEANS HUNS PLANTED.

Members of the Medical Detachment of the 110th Infantry have been feasting on garden vegetables planted by the Huns before their disastrous retreat in the face of the Franco-British troops. Scott Lysinger tells of this in a letter to a member of The Courier staff. Says Scott: "I am to dine tonight on green beans that were planted by the Huns last spring and if they taste as good as they look I will surely enjoy the meal. I promise you that my conscience will not bother me while I am eating them. Fresh vegetables are plentiful here and make up a goodly part of our menu."

Containing Scott says: "The boys are all well and happy and ask to be remembered to The Courier staff." The letter indicates that the Connellsville boys are scattered all over the sector on which the 110th is fighting. "There are days at a time that I don't see any one I know but the boys that are with me," he says. The letter was written August 18.

TODAY'S CASUALTIES
NUMBER 592; THE TOTAL
TO DATE FOOTS 30,199Of which 27,173 Are in the Army and
3,026 in the Marines; Brownfield
Boy in Today's Wounded List.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—Today's Army casualty lists comprise a total of 592 names, grouped by causes as follows:

Killed in action	41
Missing in action	145
Wounded severely	105
Died of wounds	23
Wounded, degree undetermined	269
Died of disease	6

Total, 592

But one Fayette county boy appears on the list. The casualties reported among soldiers from southwestern Pennsylvania are as follows:

Wounded, Degree Undetermined.
Sergeant Andrew Gertner, Brownfield.

Sergeant Thomas E. Race, McKeesport.

Sergeant Albert L. Kurtz, Johnstown.

Mechanic James Peighal, Clymer, Indiana county.

Private Robert H. With, Altoona.

Private Ralph T. Beezer, Altoona.

Private Giuseppe Gaho, Pittsburg.

Private Floy H. Pulkman, Bessemer.

Private George S. Paul, Dixonville, Indiana county.

Private Albert Nicola, Pittsburg.

Missing in Action.
Giovanna Canone, Jeannette.

The total number of casualties, up to and including the list reported yesterday number 27,173 in the Army, and 3,026 in the Marines, or 30,199 in all. Those in the Army are divided as follows:

Killed in action, including 291 at sea	5,210
Died of wounds	1,552
Died of disease	1,688
Died of accident and other causes	794
Wounded in action	11,577
Missing in action, including prisoners	3,224
Total	27,173

The Marine casualties are summarized as follows:

Cause	Off's	Men	Total
Deaths	37	884	921
Wounded	50	1,899	1,950
Prisoners	19	19	38
Missing	1	135	136
Total	98	2,928	3,026

Missionary Called in Draft.
Isaac J. Fisher, a missionary in Japan for the past year, left yesterday for Montreal, Canada, after a visit with his sister, Mrs. Ray Jaynes of Greenwood. From Montreal he will leave for France to take up service under the Union Jack, the flag of his country. Mr. Fisher came to Dunbar from England when a small child. He was graduated from Adrian college, later going to Tokyo as a missionary.Cumberland Men Released.
Ernest T. Trelapoe and Walter R. Coughenour, both of Cumberland, alleged to have run down and killed George Hankins of near Leisenring, No. 3, on last Monday night, were exonerated from blame by a coroner's jury Saturday in Uniontown. Following the accident the young men were arrested and later released on bail, pending an investigation into Hankins' death.Undergoes Operation.
Emery Sleasman underwent an operation for appendicitis yesterday at the Cottage State hospital. Mike Boho of Star Junction was admitted for medical treatment.German Lines in St. Gobain
Forest Just Opposite
Those of Allies.

FLANDERS FRONT IS QUIET

Only Artillery Action and Minor
Raiding Operations Are Reported
by War Office; British Patrols
Take Town on the Peronne Front.

By Associated Press.
WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Sunday, Sept. 8.—The troops of General Mangin between the Aisne and the Oise river now are virtually behind their old wire entanglements in their old trenches of 1917. All along the edge of the forest of Coucy and through the western horn of the St. Gobain forest the Germans are only 200 yards away, and in some places they are in positions in the old Hindenburg lines that are plainly visible from the heights west of Chateau Coucy.

The Oise-Aisne canal and the river Ailette that runs between the heights and the chateau and which forms a sort of advanced post of their main line, six miles further back at Fresnoy, were not abandoned voluntarily, but wrested from the enemy after a struggle for five days, during which five different German divisions tried to hold off a single French division.

LITTLE ACTIVITY ON
THE FLANDERS FRONT.

LONDON, Sept. 9.—Last night passed in quiet along the British front in northern France and Flanders except for artillery activity and minor raiding operations, according to today's war office report.

BRITISH PATROLS TAKE
VERMAND AND VANDERLIES.

LONDON, Sept. 9.—Pushing ahead today on the front between Peronne and St. Quentin, British patrols have occupied the town of Vermand, five and a half miles northwest of St. Quentin and Vandellies, two miles north of Vermand.

MAKE THREE RAIDS

Police and County Detective Make
Big Raid.

The city police and County Detective John J. Smith of Uniontown, made one of the largest raids that has ever been staged here, when three disorderly houses were "pulled" Saturday night at 11:30 o'clock. Eight men and one woman was taken in. Three of the men were fined \$5 and four \$3. Dennis Johnson paid \$25 and Laura Johnson \$20.

Another raid on two disorderly houses on Water street between 10 and 11 o'clock Saturday night resulted in the confiscation of a large quantity of liquor and temporarily taking into custody about 30 men and two women. Joe Salandora, the proprietor of an Italian restaurant, is the rear of which was located an ice house containing two barrels of wine, 20 cases of beer and 12 cases of different liquors. He was released on \$2,000 bail.

BROUGHTON RESIGNS

Baltimore & Ohio Superintendent to
Go Into Coal Business.

M. M. Broughton, superintendent of the Connellsville division of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad has tendered his resignation, which has already taken effect. His successor, H. R. Handlin, who has been superintendent of the Staten Island terminal in New York City, arrived here last night and has taken up his new duties. Mr. Handlin was trainmaster on the Connellsville division about 19 years ago and is well known among railroad men here.

Mr. Broughton came to Connellsville in 1917 from a western division and has gained a wide circle of friends in this city. It is understood he will engage in the coal business. He and Mrs. Broughton will reside in Cedar avenue.

Wins a Pic.
Mrs. Louise Reynolds, in charge of the local Red Cross convalescent picnic sold by the congregation of the Immaculate Conception church, and turned it over again to be resold.

Mrs. Reynolds guessed the correct name of the pig which was "Bill the Hun on the Way to Hell."

Others who came near guessing the correct name and their guesses were: Mrs. Rose McArdle, "Hindenburg on the Road to Hell"; Mrs. Eleanor Rush, "Kaiser Bill on the Road to Hell."

Undergoes Operation.
Emery Sleasman underwent an operation for appendicitis yesterday at the Cottage State hospital. Mike Boho of Star Junction was admitted for medical treatment.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

An important meeting of the Women's Guild of the Trinity Episcopal church will be held tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock in the church house. All members are urged to attend.

The regular meeting of the Cabinet of the Christian Sunday school will be held tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock in the church. The regular meeting of the C. W. D. M. auxiliary will be held Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the church. On Friday evening the monthly meeting of the Christian Endeavor society will be held at the home of Mrs. W. M. Kern in Madison avenue. The meeting is one of importance and all members are urged to attend. (Saturday afternoon) the primary department of the Sunday school will hold a picnic at the home of Miss Jean Porter in Will's road. The picnicers meet at the church at 1:30 o'clock. Each is asked to bring lunch sufficient for one person.

The regular meeting of the Business Women's Christian association will be held Thursday night in the association rooms in the Odd Fellows' Temple.

A meeting of the J. O. C. class of the First Methodist Episcopal Sunday school will be held Tuesday evening, September 17th instead of tomorrow evening.

The monthly meeting of the board of trustees of the First Baptist church will be held tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock in the church. The Ladies Aid society will meet Friday evening at the home of Mrs. William Means at Poplar Grove, leaving here on the 5 o'clock street car. The meeting will be a basket picnic, every person taking their own lunch. All of the congregation are invited.

The regular meeting of the Sunday school association of the Trinity Reformed church will be held Wednesday evening in the church.

The T. J. Hooper Bible class of the First Presbyterian Sunday school will meet tonight at 8 o'clock in the church chapel. A good attendance is desired. The committee on refreshments is composed of Mrs. Clayton Campbell, Mrs. W. J. Bailey, Mrs. M. J. Cummings, Mrs. Katherine List, Mrs. M. J. Beal, Miss Sarah Allen and Miss Elizabeth Mae Brown.

New stars for Fred Frisbee, Edgar Powell, Matthew Cunningham, Robert C. Hooper and Samuel Rowe have been added to the service flag of the First Presbyterian church.

A meeting of the executive board of the Connelville district of the International Sunday School association will be held tonight at 8 o'clock at the home of Miss Elizabeth Carroll, No. 203 South Prospect street, to complete arrangements for the annual convention of the association to be held here Wednesday and Thursday, September 18 and 19. The opening session will convene at 10 A. M. in the First Baptist church. Registration of delegates will take place in the Christian church. All delegates will be entertained over night and given their breakfast at home of members of the different churches. They are requested to assemble at the Christian church to receive their cards.

PERSONALS:
Mrs. R. K. Long, Mrs. B. B. Smith, Misses Helen, Mary and Jean Armstrong, left today by automobile for Frederick, Md. and Gettysburg.
Miss Agnes McIntyre, clerk for the Wright-Metzler company is taking her annual vacation.
Mrs. P. C. Rose of North Pittsburgh street, and sister Mrs. Catherine Sherick of Somerset, who has been visiting at the Rose home, went to

Confidence last night to visit Mr. and Mrs. John Davis.

The best place to shop after all. Brownell Shoe Company—Adv.
Edward Lockenby and George Richardson of the West Side, left Thursday night for a trip to Washington, D. C.

Mrs. William Hanson of Pittsburgh is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Robson of the West Side.

For the best and cheapest repairs on that roof, conductor or spouting, see F. T. Evans Estate—Adv.

Mrs. Charles McGeoghan of Mount Pleasant, Mrs. Roy J. J. of Latrobe and Mr. and Mrs. William Rogers of Scottsdale, were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Coughenour.

Essie, Kenneth and Bernadine Dickinson, A. J. Hollibaugh, Harry Sittergrip, the latter of Litchfield, Minn., and now stationed at Camp Carnegie, Pittsburgh, were guests yesterday at the home of Mrs. Mary Creeden in West Apple street, yesterday. Miss Bernadine Diskin will remain for a few days as the guest of Mrs. Creeden.

Downs' Shoe Store—Two big sales—one on women's high shoes at \$2.35 and the other men's at \$4.55, is now on full way. Your opportunity to lay in shoes for the winter, for shoes are going to be higher and scarce this winter. Adv.—4t.

Miss Marjorie Cummings, who has been the guest of Miss Margaret Jean-Berg for the past few days, went to Pittsburgh Sunday to remain until the opening of the local schools.

Mrs. Mahlon Stantz of Scottsdale, was calling on friends at Dawson Saturday.

Miss Edna Smith, clerk in C. W. Downs' store, returned to work this morning after a week's vacation.

Mrs. Michael LaPort and daughter, Miss Marie, of New York, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bartley of Adelaide.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Johnson of Uniontown were guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Pigman of East Crawford avenue over Sunday.

Clifford Edmonds of Cleveland, O., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Edmonds.

Miss Eleanor Soisson has entered St. Joseph's academy at Seton Hill.

Miss Loreta Goodman entered St. Joseph's academy at Seton Hill today. Her mother, Mrs. S. M. Goodman and daughters, Misses Esther and Bessie, accompanied her and from there motored to Pittsburgh.

Lewis Goodman, stationed at Camp Eufrates, is spending a seven-day furlough with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Goodman at the Young House.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Miller of Burgettstown have returned home after spending the Jewish holidays with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Goldstone of Lincoln avenue.

Mrs. C. Winfield of Pittsburgh is visiting her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. William Goldstone, coming here to help take care of her first grandchild.

Miss Mary Lou Coughenour is visiting relatives in Pittsburgh.

Mrs. Mary Adams of Buffalo Mills is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. W. E. Coughenour.

Little Girls Give Show.
A delightful little Red Cross show was held at the home of Mrs. J. J. Harper of 138 North Eighth street by four small girls Friday afternoon at 2:30. Those who helped to make the show a success were Elizabeth Harper, Ethel Grimm, Dorothy Robbins and Mildred Wagner. The sum of \$2.26 was realized and turned over to Mrs. Reynolds of the Red Cross rooms.

Notice.
The party who took two odd slips from the Beach Girls show may have the mates for these by calling at 111 North Cottage avenue.—3-t

Try our classified advertisements.

GETTING HIS FIRST AMERICAN DOUGHNUT



American doughnuts are not the only ones who get American doughnuts. A French soldier is here seen being served his first doughnut in an American Red Cross canteen back of the United States sector.

RED CROSS STREET FAIR IS A COMPLETE SUCCESS

Continued from Page One.

geline Philia. By passing a bank among the crowd Nannie Robinson collected \$184 for the Plantation show.

In the popular girls contest conducted by the immaculate Conception church, Miss Katherine Hickey of Eighth street, Greenwood, was the most popular girl, winning the cameo dinner ring. Miss Frances Friel was second and Miss Nettie Opperman was third. Fifty pounds of sugar given by the same church was won by George Cooper of this city and the sack of flour by C. A. Kallit.

The following report was made by the finance committee up to noon: Salvation Army (Uniontown)

Pa. Olive Hitchcroft 4.22
W. S. booth 50
Book sale (D. D. Frette) 57.70
Presbyterian church 109.50
U. P. booth 123.67
Temple Grove 59.00
Vanderbilt 39.50
Dinets Unit (Mrs. Frank Robinson) 35.71

Dubels Unit (Mrs. Howard Washbaugh) 27.19

Auction block 65.70
Rev. Geo. Diaz 35.00
Horsehoe club 3.50
Church of Brethren 30.00
Surgical dressing 7.00
Jewish fund 1.00

Balloon booth 187.17
Hoopla 107.81
St. Rita's 404.00
Presbyterian church 61.20
Confetti (Jesse Cypher) 50.18
Girls of Allied nations 130.25
M. P. church 180.37
Fortune teller (Myrtle Durs) 3.91
Aerial Postoffice 162.94
M. E. church 413.15
The Trenches 155.35
Athletic booth 130.00
Connellsville Women 88.74
Katy show 69.91
Order of Aces 325.59
Southern plantation 60.45
Union Baptist church 60.15
Navy League 73.00
Episcopal church 52.68
Connellsville Ministerial association 25.00
Dawson musical 223.00
D. A. R. 121.00
Bolshevik 19.80
Mount Braddock 258.82
Merry-go-round 153.40
U. B. church 93.89
Baby show 402.79
Baby League 37.10
Hit the Kaiser 85.45
Trinity Reformed 41.55
L. W. Class First Baptist 122.30
Pennsylvania auxiliary 46.60
Mount Olive auxiliary 75.52
Red Cross booth 88.37
Junia auxiliary 240.00
Catholic church 1309.15
Christian church 306.10
Lutheran church 124.61
Medium (C. W. Upton) 15.50

Total 7,297.93

Has Been Tireless in Catering to the Needs of Our Boys in France For Little But Important Things.

Private Ralph Wood, member of the Supply Company, 28th Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces, makes this appeal for people here at home to support the war work of the Salvation Army:

"I take this means of expressing our appreciation of the Salvation Army for the invaluable service they have rendered with the American troops in France.

"Being a non-partisan and in no wise affiliated with any social or religious party, I firmly believe that I express the sentiment of the majority of American soldiers over here at this time. The army man's motto is 'Where credit is due, let credit be given.' And credit is due not only the Salvation Army as a unit, but also to their representatives on this side, who have been tireless in their effort to afford to soldiers places of rest and recreation.

"They have their bus established in every station and camp where there are soldiers to be found and also as close to the front line trenches as the military authorities will permit, they use these advanced huts as a base from which to carry on their work, even into the front line trenches.

"Those who are interested in temperance and prohibition should specially appreciate the work this organization is doing among the Army, Navy and Marine Corps now in these times of stress when those who are flower of American manhood.

The Salvation Army in its work in France supplies a place where tired soldiers may find rest and comfort, where the soldier during his day of monotonous routine duties may go and write letters, have music, play games or read the daily paper and pass the evening, whereas if it were not for the Salvation Army the men would naturally resort to the grog shops in which France abounds.

"I ask you in the name of your own loved ones, to liberally support the Salvation Army in its war work. Give them your support as you support other organizations. Give them an equal chance with the others and I assure you, you will not be disappointed in the result."

REV. LAMBERTSON IS RETURNED TO LOCAL M. P. CHURCH AS PASTOR

Dunbar Session of Conference Concluded With Session by Minister Admitted in Session in 1853.

Rev. J. H. Lambertson, pastor of the Methodist Protestant church of Connelville has been returned to his charge by the Pittsburgh Conference which concluded its sessions at Dunbar Sunday evening. Rev. W. H. Gladden is returned to the Percy charge; Rev. D. E. Miterd will remain on the Mount Braddock circuit after a service of 20 years. Rev. A. R. Rush takes the Broad Ford charge and Rev. T. W. Colhouer is returned to the Second church in Uniontown.

Rev. E. S. Hawkins becomes pastor of the First church in Uniontown. Rev. C. A. Bites of Fairbance goes to Bakerstown, Allegheny county.

At the final session of the conference Dr. David Jones, aged 83 years, of Waynesburg, delivered the sermon. Dr. Jones is remembered by the older members of the conference having been received into that body when it convened in Connelville in 1853.

Dr. Jones, who is recognized as one of the strongest men of the denomination, delivered a powerful sermon and scored alike the laxity of morals both of pulp and pew.

At the Young People's Rally held Sunday afternoon the Connelville Young People carried off the banner offered to the society having the largest attendance at the rally. The addresses were made by Dr. A. G. Dixon, in charge of the denominational department of Young People's

and Sunday school work and by Dr. P. H. Lewis, of Pittsburgh, who has just returned from a tour of eight different continents in the United States.

The Saturday evening session was given over to the work of the Board of Church Extension, when the need for funds for the work was presented by the chairman of the board, Rev. C. S. Saunders and Rev. E. S. Hawkins.

At the meeting of the Pastors' Aid society of the conference distribution of the Dr. Avery fund was made to the 15 pastors and 12 widows who are sustained on the superannuated list of the conference and the work of raising \$10,000 for the superannuated members. The report was presented by Dr. G. C. Sheppard, while the evangelistic committee presented a plan whereby the churches without either pastor or supply should be visited by a representative of the conference at least once during each quarter.

SOLDIER ASKS THAT SUPPORT BE GIVEN THE SALVATION ARMY

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CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Hitchcock

The Grim Reaper

OTHONIEL LIVINGSTONE.

Funeral services for Othniel Livingstone were held yesterday afternoon from the Methodist Episcopal church at Mount Braddock, with Rev. D. E. Miterd of Dunbar, officiating. The services were impressive and were attended by many relatives and friends of the deceased. The floral tributes were many and handsome.

On account of a son of the deceased, John Livingstone failing to arrive from Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va., where he is in military service, in time for the funeral, following the service, the body was removed to the family residence at Mount Braddock and the interment in Laurel Hill cemetery, was postponed until today.

ANTHONY PAGE.

Anthony Page, 74 years old, a veteran of the Civil War, died Friday at his home in Franklin township. Funeral services were held this afternoon with Rev. J. W. Hays of Flatwoods officiating. The interment was made in Washington cemetery. Mr. Page is survived by the following children: George Page, Mrs. W. S. Stokel of Perryopolis, A. D. Page of Uniontown, and Mrs. James Metz of Perry township.

JOHN R. BISHOP.

John R. Bishop, 45 years old, of South Connelville, was found dead in bed yesterday morning by his wife. The body will be shipped tomorrow by funeral director J. E. Sims to McVeytown for interment. The deceased was born and reared at McVeytown. His widow and a sister, Mrs. Bruce Sayers survive.

MARY ELIZABETH GRIGLAK.

Miss Mary Elizabeth Griglak, 22 years old, one of the best known young women of the West Side, died this morning at 12:50 o'clock at her home in Crawford avenue, West Side, following a brief illness of urticaria poisoning. The deceased was taken suddenly ill on last Tuesday and for several hours her condition was very critical. She had not been in the best of health, and roasting ears which she ate, are thought to have brought on her sudden attack of illness. However, she recovered and apparently was getting along nicely until yesterday morning when she suffered a relapse. Miss Griglak was the daughter of Martin and Anna Griglak, who with one brother, Martin Griglak, in France, survive. Funeral from the house Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock and at 9 o'clock a grand high mass will be celebrated at St. John's Slavish church in the West Side. Interment in St. John's cemetery.

B. P. O. ELKS' Dance.

The B. P. O. Elks, No. 593 will hold a dance Tuesday evening, September 10 in their hall, East Crawford avenue. All holding invitations to previous dances are invited. Kiefer's five-piece jazz orchestra will play. Adv. 9-2t.

REMOVED.

As a result of the demand of our graduates, our enrollment has increased very greatly and we have been compelled to find larger quarters in order to accommodate those who wish to attend our school.

We have leased the entire third floor of the Citizens' National Bank Building, Pittsburgh and Apple streets, and will open our fall term there, September 9th.

We have a large enrollment now, but can accommodate a few more. Our Century Bookkeeping, and modern Paragor Shorthand make it possible for you to qualify for a high class position in a very short time. Call, write or phone for full information. Douglas Business College, Citizens' National Bank Building, Connelville, Pa.—adv. 6-3t.

Donald Edward Welsh.

Donald Edward Welsh, nine months old, son of Frank and Violet Layton Welsh of Moyer, died yesterday.

Anything For Sale?
If you have, advertise it in our classified columns. Results follow.

Read The Daily Courier every day.

THE E. DUNN STORE

The HOME of QUALITY and SERVICE!

229 to 153 N PITTSBURG ST. CONNELLSVILLE, Pa.

CONNELLSVILLE'S GREATEST STORE

Final Clean up Sale Last Call

Our lot of Women's and Misses Dresses, values up to \$35.00, Last Call Choice \$7.95
One lot Women's and Misses' Coats, values up to \$35.00, Last Call Choice \$7.95
One lot Women's and Misses' Suits, values up to \$35.00, Last Call Choice \$7.95
One lot of Suits for women and Misses, all sizes, values up to \$75.00, Choice Half Price
One lot of Women's Silk Dress Skirts, values up to \$25.00, Choice Half Price
One lot of Wash Skirts, values up to \$7.95, Choice now Half Price
One lot White Organdy and Voile Dresses for women and misses, values up to \$17.50, Choice \$3.95

Four Big Days Four Wonderful Nights

At the

Greatest Fair in Pennsylvania

Dawson, Pa.

Sept. 10, 11, 12, 13

H. T. Cochran, Pres. Harry Cochran, Sec'y.

COUPON

The Book of a Thousand Songs

Distributed by the

The Daily Courier

3 COUPONS 98c SECURES THE BOOK

PRESENT OR MAIL

MAIL ORDERS

add for postage with in 30 miles, 10c; 60c extra, 15c; greater distance ask postmaster rate for 3 lbs.

Greatest Song Book Ever Made

The colossal task, never before attempted, of placing under one cover more than a thousand of the world's most popular standard songs, old and new, has been accomplished. In this great collection every music lover will find hundreds of songs, all set to music, that make a personal appeal. Beautifully bound in durable cloth. Size 7 1/2 x 10 inches.

PRICE LESS THAN ONE TENTH OF A CENT APICE

Gray Hair

Gray Hair

Gray Hair

Gray Hair

Gray Hair

Gray Hair

Gray Hair

Gray Hair

Gray Hair

Gray Hair

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Gray Hair

Best of Corn Foods POST TOASTIES

An improvement over common corn flakes. Rich with the taste of ripe corn. Need no Sweetening. Patriotic and Economical.

THE JOY OF MOTHERHOOD

Came to this Woman after Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to Restore Her Health

Ellensburg, Wash.—"After I was married I was not well for a long time and a good deal of the time was not able to go about. Our greatest desire was to have a child in our home and one day my husband came back from town with a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and wanted me to try it. It brought relief from my troubles. I improved in health so I could do my housework; we now have a little one, all of which I owe to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. O. S. JOHNSON, R. No. 3, Ellensburg, Wash.

There are women everywhere who long for children in their homes yet are denied this happiness on account of some functional disorder which in most cases would readily yield to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Such women should not give up hope until they have given this wonderful medicine a trial, and for special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of 60 years experience is at your service.

Your Child's Skin

will be free from chafing, scalding eruptions and all soreness if you use

Sykes Comfort Powder

For more than 25 years it has been healing and preventing skin soreness.

25c at the drug and other drug stores. The Comfort Powder Co., Boston, Mass.

Patronize those who advertise.

Read The Daily Courier every day.



Introducing GARLAND Stoves and Ranges—"The World's Best"

The famous GARLAND Stoves and Ranges are made by the Michigan Stove Company—the largest makers of ranges in the world—doing the world's largest range business due to the wonderful quality of GARLAND products.

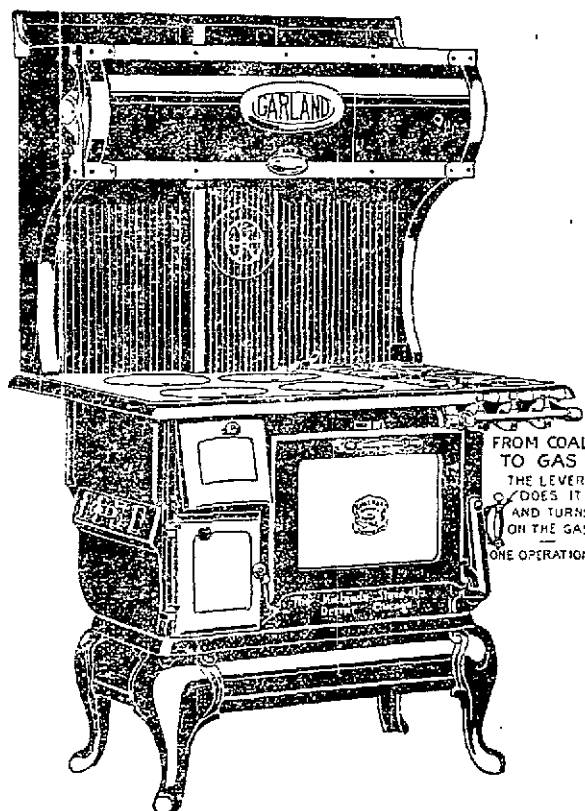
GARLAND Ranges are the heaviest cast iron ranges made—assuring many more years of service than the average makes.

GARLAND Ranges are famous for their grand cooking and baking efficiency. They are scientifically constructed to give the greatest and best results from the minimum use of fuel.

The GARLAND Combination Range bakes perfectly with coal and as well with gas. Thousands and thousands of them in satisfactory use everywhere proves that conclusively. Furthermore, the mammoth baking pictured on this page proves something else. It proves that the GARLAND will bake more and do it better and with less fuel than any other combination range ever built.

The Celebrated GARLAND Line Now Exclusively at Aaron's

Here Is That Famous GARLAND "Regent"



Famous GARLAND "Regent" Combination Coal and Gas Range. Introductory price \$67

(Complete with Warming Closet—exactly as illustrated) **\$78.50**

Famous GARLAND quality, assuring a lifetime of service and satisfaction.

All cast iron—extra heavy construction in every detail. Every part guaranteed for long life.

Bakes the same with coal as with gas. No change of parts necessary when going from coal to gas or vice versa. Simply pull out the lever when you bake with gas. Simply push back the lever when you bake with coal.

The only combination range on the market in which you can bake on the bottom of the oven without the use of a false bottom.

Easy Payment Terms Gladly Arranged, If Desired.

The World's Greatest Coal, Gas and Combination Coal and Gas Ranges Exclusively at Aaron's.

Besides the famous GARLAND line of Coal and Combination Coal and Gas Ranges, Aaron's handle exclusively

Universal Combination Ranges
New Process Gas Ranges
Keeley Coal Ranges

Giving you the choice of the World's Greatest Ranges—to suit your needs exactly—at just the price you want to pay.

It affords us great pleasure to announce to the Homefurnishers of Fayette County that Aaron's now has the Exclusive Agency for the reliable GARLAND line of Stoves and Ranges—the famous GARLAND'S that have been giving a most pleasing service and complete satisfaction for nearly a half century.

Visit our Basement Stove Department NOW—see the wonderful line of GARLAND Stoves and Ranges on display. We'll be more than pleased to explain to you fully the many exclusive GARLAND improvements and features. Come in now—be sure to see that famous

GARLAND Three Fuel Range

The GARLAND Range will bake more and do it better and with less fuel than any other combination range ever built. It burns coal, wood or gas singly or all together, with provenly perfect results. It occupies no more space than the individual coal or gas range. It is the perfect all-the-year 'round range.

The GARLAND Policy of Assurance

Absolutely guarantees that your GARLAND will be all that a good range should be.

Ordinarily, you would have to wait for time and experience to prove whether you had or had not made a good selection.

But when you buy a GARLAND, guaranteed by the famous GARLAND Policy of Assurance, you can feel perfectly sure that—

- 1—The materials used are the best obtainable.
- 2—The design and workmanship embody all that 50 years' actual experience has shown to be best.
- 3—That your range will afford every practical convenience.
- 4—That it will prove economical to operate.
- 5—That it will cook and bake perfectly.

The GARLAND Policy of Assurance completely guarantees those five big essentials.

Your Satisfaction is Doubly Insured

Buy a GARLAND and you positively get the best range in the world for the money—a range that will last you a lifetime and give you complete satisfaction every time you use it.

Because not alone is the GARLAND line guaranteed fully by the manufacturers but every Stove and Range sold by us is backed up by the reliable, responsible, long-established Aaron organization.

Come in NOW and Inspect the GARLAND—No Obligations Whatever.



GARLAND Baking Economy



245 pieces baked for ten cents—proving the economy and supremacy of the GARLAND coal, wood and gas range.

This stupendous output of bread and pastry produced by Clarice Alma Dudley of Detroit, using the GARLAND Three-Fuel Range, twelve pounds of hard coal and twenty-eight feet of manufactured gas. With coal at ten dollars per ton and with gas selling for seventy-five cents per thousand cubic feet, the combined cost for the fuel in baking this veritable mountain of pastry was a mere TEN CENTS. Half of the baking was done with gas and half with coal.

In the Connellsville District with Fuel Practically ONE-HALF the Detroit Cost, This Baking Can Be Done for

About 5c

Certificate of Test

I hereby certify that on the eighth day of May 1917, I conducted a test to determine the time and amount of artificial gas and hard coal required to bake in the GARLAND Combination Range the following:—

Baked with Gas

- 3 Loaves of Bread
- 1 Chocolate Layer Cake
- 60 Baking Powder Biscuits
- 15 Sugar Buns
- 1 Loaf Ginger Bread
- 6 Cream Puffs
- 9 Cup Cakes
- 12 Tartlets
- 12 Fruit Cookies
- 2 Jelly Rolls
- 1 Pumpkin Pie
- 1 Cream Pie

Baked with Coal

- 3 Loaves of Bread
- 1 Chocolate Layer Cake
- 60 Baking Powder Biscuits
- 15 Sugar Buns
- 1 Loaf Ginger Bread
- 6 Cream Puffs
- 9 Cup Cakes
- 12 Tartlets
- 12 Fruit Cookies
- 2 Jelly Rolls
- 1 Pumpkin Pie
- 1 Cream Pie

I further certify that the GARLAND Combination did bake the above items as shown in a satisfactory manner, using only twelve pounds of hard coal and only twenty-eight cubic feet of artificial or manufactured gas.

COUNTY OF WAYNE }
STATE OF MICHIGAN } SS:

Clarice Alma Dudley, being duly sworn before me, this 22nd day of May, A. D., 1917, says the foregoing statement is true to the best of her knowledge and belief.

(Signed) CLARICE ALMA DUDLEY.

CHAS. W. KEMP, Notary Public.

Wayne County.

(My commission expires October 10, 1918.)

Miss Dudley conducted this test, and produced these startling results, without having had so much as one minute's experience with the GARLAND Three-Fuel Range. The test proved conclusively that the GARLAND even bakes equally well with either coal or gas—that is, perfectly.

FREE DEMONSTRATION Entire Week of Sept. 9th—Don't Miss It!



By C. A. VOIGHT

You Can Lighten Their Load



ON THE shoulders of these two men rests a life-size job. You know the job. You know the men—General Ferdinand Foch, commander of the allied forces in Europe, and General John J. Pershing, American commander-in-chief.

No American would willingly admit that these two have to worry about food or clothing or recreation for their men—about ammunition for the guns, about getting enough guns, about getting enough men.

Every Liberty Bond bought in the United States is an insurance against burdening these two great leaders with any unnecessary worries. They have demonstrated that they can handle the actual fighting. America at home must demonstrate that it can furnish everything that the fighting men need—and when they need it.

Three Million Buttons Bought for Fourth Loan

Buying three million buttons is just one of the minor tasks which had to be taken care of before the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign by Ralph Waldo Emerson of the War Loan Organization at Washington.

Put on these trifles Emerson was able to save the government sixty-five thousand dollars in real money; a vast amount of celluloid, which contains gun cotton; an enormous quantity of white paper; hundreds of gallons of wood alcohol, and hundreds of hours of labor.

The saving was brought about by the employment of a steel engraving process. The old buttons have always been made with celluloid and paper.

HARD LUCK MARK IS HELD BY LOUISVILLE

Lost Twenty-Six Consecutive Games in Old A. A. Circuit.

No League Club Has Ever Suffered So Many Reverses in a Row—American League Record Established by Boston.

A baseball world's record was hung up June 22, 1893, which has never since been equaled or surpassed. Moreover, no club in any league entertains any ambition to break this record. On the date mentioned the Louisville club of the old American association lost its twenty-sixth consecutive game. No league club has ever suffered so many reverses in a row.

The following year, 1894, the Pittsburgh Pirates were apparently intent upon smashing the Louisville record, but they fell short by three games, losing twenty-three games in succession. Although Nimble's men failed to deprive Louisville of its dubious record, they did succeed in setting up a National league record. The American league record for straight defeats was established in 1908, when the Boston Red Sox, under the management of James J. Collins, were vanquished in twenty straight games.

The old American association, in which Louisville set up a hard luck record that has endured for nearly

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

Small advertisement for Chichester's Pills, mentioning its long history and effectiveness.

TIME IS U. S. BEST SOLDIER OF FINANCE

It Works Always To Put Liberty Bond Values Higher

Time works in favor of Liberty Bonds.

Some of the more restless-minded holders of Liberty Bonds of the Second and Third loans have lost sight of that fact and allowed the slight slump in the market price which took place this summer to worry them.

Those prices reflect only a temporary condition, says the Wall Street Journal, and the Treasury department is already in process of remedying it. The slump in part has been due to a misapprehension on the part of small investors who have gained a superficial knowledge of tax exemption features.

While bonds of the Second and Third loans, the 4 and 4 1/2 per cent bonds, are tax free the small investor cannot be taxed by any income tax law now in effect or any later to be enacted on any of the bonds unless he holds 4 or 4 1/2 bonds worth \$5,000 worth or more. And yet a study of the transactions in bonds in date has revealed the fact that many of the sales are by small investors who have disposed of their 4s and 4 1/2s to buy 3 1/2s because some one has told them the 3 1/2s were tax free.

Everything which congress takes up in the way of financial legislation gets the careful attention of the Treasury department. Nothing is allowed to go far if its provisions in any way tend to lower values on Liberty Bonds. Liberty Bond holders have first consideration and everything is being done to facilitate the financing of the war.

Avoid from the tax free features, which are only present influences after all, the Liberty Bonds should stand out as gilt-edged investments for their after-the-war value. The capital which they will restore to the investor after the war will have a far greater purchasing power than the money which he is putting into the bonds now when money is so cheap and plentiful.

They Give Blood Abroad; We Must Give Our Treasure

Anyone proposing peace with Germany before Kaiserism shall have been crushed out of existence should either be interned or placed in an insane asylum for medical treatment.

That is the verdict of Hudson Maxim. The great gun maker gives tersely some of the reasons why the government needs five or six billion dollars more immediately—reasons why the fourth Liberty loan must go over with a big safety margin, why other loans soon to come must go over the same way.

"We cannot consider any terms of peace whatsoever with the German government as now constituted," Maxim's letter goes on to say. "Germany must be licked and the Hohenzollerns kicked off the throne before we can even talk peace without outraging our self-respect. The German military ring must be broken and so shattered that it can never be reunited."

"Those militaristic bandits of the breed of Atilla who cold-bloodedly prepared to plunder the world and enslave mankind are not fit to place their names to a peace compact beside those of the heroes who shall, with sacrifice of blood and treasure, save the world from their clutches."

"There is but one way to peace and that is the way to Berlin."

Liberty bonds will open that road for the American boys. Those at home must sacrifice their treasure as those over there sacrifice their blood.

J. N. Trump WHITE LINE TRANSFER

MOTOR TRUCKS AND WAGONS. MOVING AND HOISTING. PIANOS A SPECIALTY.

Office 103 E. Grape Alley, Opposite P. R. R. Depot, Both Phones.

Federal Bank Takes In Eighteen More Ohio Institutions

The Federal Reserve Banking System of the Fourth District has been taking on new strength for the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign. It has added to itself since the first of July eighteen Ohio banks and has applications pending from eight more.

The new member banks are The Peoples Saving & Banking Co., Barberton; Citizens Bank, Cuyahoga Falls; Commercial & Savings Bank Co., Buckeye City; Farmers and Citizens Banking Co., Milan; Rossford Savings Bank, Rossford; Home Banking Company, Gibsonburg; Chagrin Falls Banking Company, Chagrin Falls; Provident Savings Bank & Trust Co., Gibsonburg; Cuyahoga Falls Savings Bank Company, Cuyahoga Falls; West Lafayette Bank Co., West Lafayette; Citizens State Bank, West Milton; Geneva Savings Bank Co., Geneva; Peoples Savings & Trust Co., Akron; The Savings Bank Co., Canton; Dayton Savings & Trust Co., Dayton; Struthers Savings & Banking Co., Struthers; City Savings Bank & Trust Co., Alliance.

Want Help? Then use our classified column. Results will follow.

For Internal Treatment For Piles (Hemorrhoids)

Given absolute relief from all pain and suffering. Has never failed. Guaranteed.

Many people have become dependent because they have been led to believe that their cure was hopeless and that there was no remedy for their case.

Go to your druggist and get an original bottle of Miro Pile Remedy, the discovery of a clever Ohio chemist, that taken internally, passes unclogged through the stomach and intestines, and thus reaches the source of the trouble where, by its soothing healing antiseptic action, it first attacks and then by direct contact with the ulcers and piles causes them to heal and disappear forever.

It positively marvellous how speedily it acts. Blessed relief often comes in two or three days, even in cases that have resisted all previously known treatments. Really wonderful results have been accomplished. It is one of the wonderful discoveries of recent years and anyone who is disappointed with its use can have their money refunded.

Mr. F. M. Smith of 213 Broadway, Lorain, Ohio, says: "I gladly recommend Miro Pile Remedy for Piles. There is no equal to it. I suffered for 18 years and tried everything that was recommended. I depended for years and was a constant sufferer with bleeding piles. I took two bottles of Miro and was entirely cured. Any sufferer using it will never regret it."

All pharmacists dispense Miro or get it for you on short notice. Do not lose the little trouble to obtain to be rid of piles forever.

IMPORTANT. What is known as "piling pills" are not pills in the true sense of the word. They are a case of pills. For this condition Miro Pile Remedy has been prepared as in such cases it is not necessary to take the internal prescription—Adv.

Bank Statements.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE Citizens National Bank at Connelleville, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business on August 31, 1918.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts (except those shown in b and c)	\$515,464.31
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	100,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	30,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1/2, 4 and 4 1/2 per cent, unpledged, to secure postal savings deposits	75,000.00
Bonds other than U. S. bonds deposited to secure postal savings deposits	51,448.51
Stocks, other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks owned and unpledged)	106,673.94
Collateral trust and other notes of corporations issued for not less than one year nor more than 3 years' time	34,810.25
Total	\$1,139,741.93

Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	253.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (60 per cent of subscription)	6,750.00
Value of bank—big house	55,000.00
Furniture and fixtures	5,000.00
Real estate owned other than banking house	11,068.82
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	73,932.99
Char. in vault third net amount due from national banks	253,844.05
Checks or other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than item 17)	30,767.05
Total of items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18	284,611.14
Checks on banks located outside of city or town as reporting bank and other cash items	21,546.70
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	5,000.00
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	500.00
Total	\$1,424,858.65

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	100,000.00
Surplus fund	125,000.00
Undivided profits	8,818.36
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	4,616.10
Amount reserved for all interest accrued	3,200.00
Circulating notes outstanding	94,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check	605,681.50
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	1,650.00
Certified checks	187.83
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,132.33
Dividends unpaid	205.00
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits subject to Reserve)	125,000.00
Items 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, and 45	433,761.14
Total	\$1,424,858.65

State of Pennsylvania, County of Fayette, ss: I, JAMES L. KURTZ, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JAMES L. KURTZ, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of September, 1918.

J. L. KURTZ, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: GEO. W. CAMPBELL, P. E. MARKELL, Directors.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE Second National Bank at Connelleville, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business on August 31, 1918.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts (except those shown on b and c)	\$462,035.51
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	35,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1/2, 4 and 4 1/2 per cent, unpledged, to secure postal savings deposits	131,851.00
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	233,778.67
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (60 per cent of subscription)	87,566.34
Value of banking house	4,700.00
Furniture and fixtures	178,300.00
Real estate owned other than banking house	33,001.09
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	7,819.79
Cash in vault and net amount due from national banks	156,776.17
Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than item 17)	1,504.25
Checks on banks located outside of city or town as reporting bank and other cash items	14.96
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	2,500.00
Total	\$1,395,288.77

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	100,000.00
Undivided profits	76,205.65
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	3,098.40
Circulating notes outstanding	73,107.25
Individual deposits subject to check	599,308.89
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	13,348.18
Certified checks	253.75
Total	\$1,395,288.77

Cashier's checks outstanding	700.00
Dividends unpaid	2,375.00
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits subject to Reserve)	125,000.00
Items 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, and 45	506,487.70
Total	\$1,395,288.77

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE First National Bank at Perryopolis, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business on August 31, 1918.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts (except those shown in b and c)	\$450,872.30
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	125,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1/2, 4 and 4 1/2 per cent, unpledged, to secure postal savings deposits	120,356.70
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	450.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (60 per cent of subscription)	87,566.34
Furniture and fixtures	1,107.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	7,819.79
Cash in vault and net amount due from national banks	332,285.89
Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank and other cash items	128.30
Checks on banks located outside of city or town as reporting bank and other cash items	2,500.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	2,500.00
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	8,854.84
Total	\$1,316,839.72

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE First National Bank at Dawson, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business on August 31, 1918.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts (except those shown in b and c)	\$523,726.92
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	150,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1/2, 4 and 4 1/2 per cent, unpledged, to secure postal savings deposits	350.00
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	109,800.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (60 per cent of subscription)	110,150.00
Total	\$1,139,741.93

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE First National Bank at Dawson, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business on August 31, 1918.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts (except those shown in b and c)	\$523,726.92
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	150,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1/2, 4 and 4 1/2 per cent, unpledged, to secure postal savings deposits	350.00
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	109,800.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (60 per cent of subscription)	110,150.00
Total	\$1,139,741.93

than U. S. bonds (not including stocks owned and unpledged)	133,917.87
Stock, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	1,800.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (60 per cent of subscription)	6,000.00
Value of bank—house	2,653.06
Furniture and fixtures	1,850.00
Real estate with Federal Reserve Bank	100,095.18
Cash in vault and net amount due from national banks	564,037.69
Total of items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18	354,037.69
Checks on banks located outside of city or town as reporting bank and other cash items	100.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	2,500.00
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	824.00
Total	\$1,739,741.93

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE First National Bank at Dawson, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business on August 31, 1918.

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	150,000.00
Undivided profits	92,003.22
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes	2,007.67
Circulating notes outstanding	50,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check	1,397,801.99
Cashier's checks outstanding	2,544.39
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits subject to Reserve)	120,356.70
Items 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, and 45	1,339,446.28
Total	\$1,739,741.93

State of Pennsylvania, County of Fayette, ss: I, R. D. HENRY, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. D. HENRY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of September, 1918.

A. VAN HORN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: M. M. COCHRAN, M. E. STRAWN, N. A. RIST, Directors.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE First National Bank at Dawson, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business on August 31, 1918.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts (except those shown in b and c)	\$450,872.30
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	125,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1/2, 4 and 4 1/2 per cent, unpledged, to secure postal savings deposits	120,356.70
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	450.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (60 per cent of subscription)	87,566.34
Furniture and fixtures	1,107.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	7,819.79
Cash in vault and net amount due from national banks	332,285.89
Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank and other cash items	128.30
Checks on banks located outside of city or town as reporting bank and other cash items	2,500.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	2,500.00
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	8,854.84
Total	\$1,316,839.72

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE First National Bank at Dawson, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business on August 31, 1918.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts (except those shown in b and c)	\$523,726.92
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	150,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1/2, 4 and 4 1/2 per cent, unpledged, to secure postal savings deposits	350.00
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	109,800.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (60 per cent of subscription)	110,150.00
Total	\$1,139,741.93

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE First National Bank at Dawson, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business on August 31, 1918.

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Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	109,800.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (60 per cent of subscription)	110,150.00
Total	\$1,139,741.93

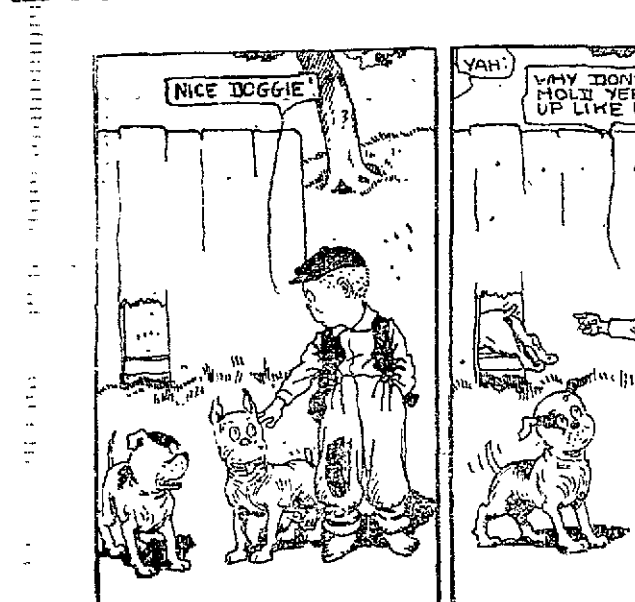
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE First National Bank at Dawson, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business on August 31, 1918.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts (except those shown in b and c)	\$523,726.92
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	150,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1/2, 4 and 4 1/2 per cent, unpledged, to secure postal savings deposits	350.00
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	109,800.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (60 per cent of subscription)	110,150.00
Total	\$1,139,741.93

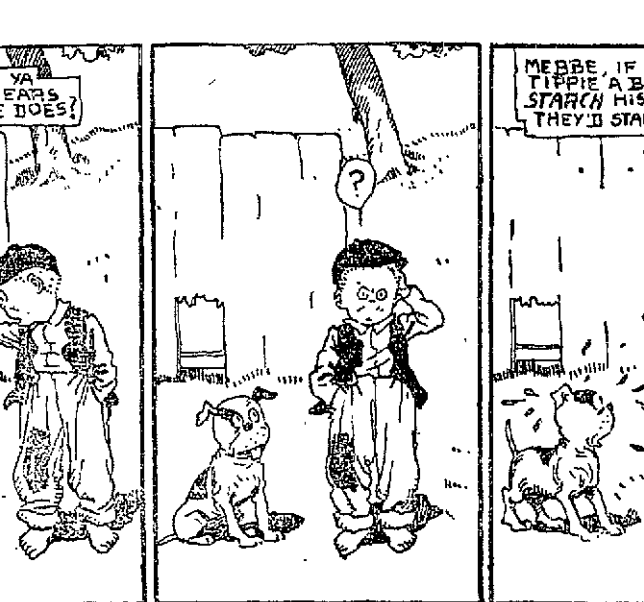
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE First National Bank at Dawson, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business on August 31, 1918.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts (except those shown in b and c)	\$523,726.92
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	150,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1/2, 4 and 4 1/2 per cent, unpledged, to secure postal savings deposits	350.00
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	109,800.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (60 per cent of subscription)	110,150.00
Total	\$1,139,741.93

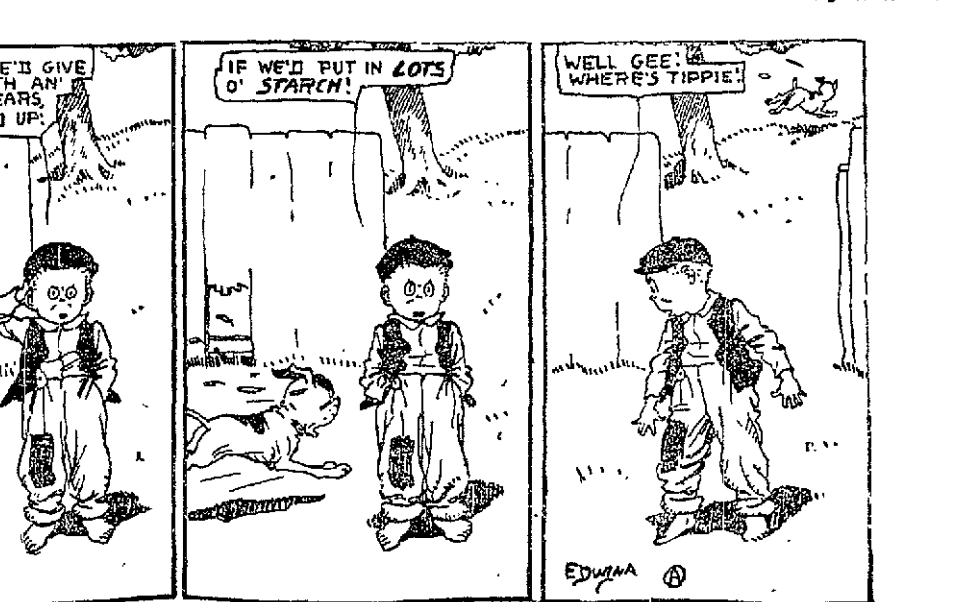
"CAP" STUBBS



TIPPIE KNEW WHEN IT WAS TIME TO LEAVE



By EDWINA



The Kaiser as I Knew Him For Fourteen Years

By
ARTHUR N. DAVIS, D. D. S.

(Copyright, 1918, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

When I was driven through the streets of Bonn, both coming from and going to the railroad station, in the Kaiser's motorcar, and the second man, or bugler, on the front seat, blew the horn, people came running out of stores and from afar to get a view of the important personage who occupied the Kaiser's own car! Many of them saluted me or raised their hats, and I thought how angry they would have been had they known they were putting themselves to so much trouble to salute an alien enemy!

The ridiculousness of the whole thing impressed me very much. For the moment I was part of the play which was ever being made to impress and awe those whom the Kaiser was pleased to refer to as "my people," but whose approbation means everything, even to a monarch who rules "by divine right."

CHAPTER XIV.

The Kaiser and Things American.

Among the Germans generally there is a surprising degree of ignorance regarding conditions in America. The untraveled German has but the vaguest ideas concerning our people and our institutions. I have had patients of intelligence and education ask me how we are able to cope with the Indians. In view of the extent of German emigration to America and the vast volume of commercial transactions between the two countries, it is almost unbelievable that such erroneous notions should prevail in these enlightened days, but they do.

This fact partially serves to explain how easy it was for the Kaiser and his inspired press to pull the wool over the people's eyes regarding the unimportance of America's entry into the war. It doesn't explain at all, however, how completely the Kaiser himself underestimated us and our power, for I don't doubt whether there is any foreigner living, who has never visited America, who knows more about our country than the German emperor. Indeed, he was more familiar with many of our problems than many of our countrymen, and he frequently revealed to me in the course of our conversations how thoroughly posted he was on American conditions.

Long before the subject of forest conservation was taken up seriously in this country, the Kaiser pointed out to me what a great mistake we were making in not devoting more attention to it.

"Can you tell me, Davis, why you have so many forest fires in your country?" he asked, after a particularly destructive conflagration in the West had destroyed many acres of timber. "How does it happen?"

I explained to him that most of the forest fires came from sparks from locomotives. Careless lumbermen allowed the branches which they lopped off the trees to remain on the ground and when they were ignited by sparks the fire sometimes spread to the uncut timber. As the facilities for extinguishing fire in these unpopulated regions were practically nil and the climate made the timber particularly inflammable, these fires usually attained serious dimensions.

"That points out again the inefficiency of your form of government," he commented. "You have laws requiring the railways to use appliances to arrest the sparks from their engines, haven't you? Why don't you enforce them? Your people don't seem to realize that it takes years to grow a tree. Because you have more than you need today, you make no preparation for tomorrow. For every tree cut down another should be planted. If you don't adopt some such measure the time will surely come when America will have to turn to Germany for timber."

The Kaiser was a harsh critic of our election system. The idea of a four-year term for the president was naturally repugnant to one who held such exalted notions as to the rights of rulers. It would be too much to expect the Hohenzollern mind to approve of a constitution which provided for the ruler's return to private life after a period of four years at the head of the government.

He declared that with a constant change of administration it was quite out of the question for this country to follow any definite policy. It was bad enough even so far as internal affairs were concerned, he said, but such a system made it impossible for the Kaiser to take a prominent place in international politics.

"You can't expect the nations of the world to deal with America as they deal among themselves when the next change of administration may mean the adoption of an entirely new foreign policy," he declared. "There can be nothing stable about the foreign policy of a nation whose leaders change every four years."

American party politics were a constant source of embarrassment to the Kaiser. He always seemed undecided as to just how he should receive an American of prominence. If he happened to be of the same political faith as the administration, the Kaiser was afraid to do him too much honor for fear of offending the opposing party, who might win the next election; and if he were not of the same party as the administration, the Kaiser feared to honor him lest more immediate retribution be stirred up in America. But he refused to receive Bryan on

two different occasions when a Republican administration was in power. He criticized very strongly, too, our election methods.

"Instead of discussing principles, your political candidates exchange personalities," he said. "My people would be shocked at the sort of speeches and accusations which figure in all your political campaigns. Over here, nothing of the kind is ever heard."

"The Kaiser was very much interested in our negro problem. It seemed to have a great fascination for him, and he frequently referred to it. He told me that he understood there were 15,000,000 negroes in this country, but they were dying off in great numbers through consumption and other diseases to which they offered but poor resistance.

"The negro will always be a great problem in your country, however," he added. "They don't mix socially with the whites, and there will be constant friction. My brother (Prince Henry), when he returned from his visit to America, told me a lot about these negroes. Indeed, one of the most impressive things he heard there was a choir of negro voices. He said they sang some wonderful melodies, and their voices were as clear as bells."

After the war started, the Kaiser referred to the negroes again. "Now is your chance to settle your negro problem," he declared, half facetiously, of course. "If America insists upon coming into the war, why doesn't she send her negroes across and let us shoot them down?"

When a fleet of our battleships visited Kiel some six years ago the Kaiser paid them a visit and was very much interested. When he called to see me shortly afterward he told me of his experience.

"I went over the ships from top to bottom," he declared. "They are excellent vessels, every one of them, and I was very much impressed with the way they are manned and officered. I have only one criticism—the lattice-work cooling towers, or fighting masts. The only possible use I can see in them would be to train vines on them and install an elevator inside, and serve tea in the afternoon to the ladies on top—the most beautiful place for serving afternoon tea."

"But, seriously speaking," he went on, "I can't see that these masts have any practical value. On the contrary, I can see very serious disadvantages in them. No matter what caution you might be taking, your enemy would always be able to recognize you at a distance, before you could identify him, because the warships of all other nations look very much alike at a distance."

"They say these cooling towers are armaments," he went on, "but you would never get close enough to your enemy to use such small guns. Again, if one of those masts were hit it would send a shower of steel about the heads of the men on board, and would not only put many of them out of action, but I could be in the way. Suppose, too, the mast were struck down and hung over the side? It would drag through the water, and would not only seriously impede the vessel, but it would cause the ship to list and expose a larger area on one side than would be safe. No, Davis, your fighting masts, as I have said, might answer first-rate for serving tea, but I don't think much of them for active service."

But if the Kaiser saw much in American ways and customs to condemn, he likewise saw much to commend, and, before the war, he was liberal in his praise of many of our qualities and achievements.

He was very much interested, for instance, in the experiments and discoveries of Luther Burbank. To make Germany self-supporting as far as food resources were concerned was one of his dearest ambitions. He realized that in the event of a world war his people would probably suffer more from lack of food than they would from hostile bullets, and he was hoping that he would be able to obviate that condition before his country was put to the test. He was constantly preaching simplified diet and the conservation of food reserves, and he had great hopes that much could be done in a scientific way to help solve general food problems. When attending dinners given him by his officers, his wishes respecting simple menus were always carefully followed.

The Kaiser enjoyed American humor. He was very fond of Mark Twain, and he followed one or two of the American monthlies and weeklies more or less regularly. He told me that one evening while in his sitting room in the Berlin palace, reading something in an American magazine, he ran across a story which caused him to laugh so much and so loud that the ladies of the court, who heard him in an adjacent room, came running in with their knitting to see what the matter was.

The Kaiser had little respect for our architecture. He thought our skyscrapers, of which he had seen illustrations, were hideous.

"How terrible to desecrate the landscape with such tall buildings," he commented. "They hurt the eye. How can people live in them?"

I explained that most of the buildings to which he referred were office buildings, but that we did have fourteen and fifteen-story apartment houses and hotels, and even higher ones, in which the upper floors were used for living purposes just the same as the lower ones. He couldn't believe it possible that people would consent to live so far above the ground, and from his own aversion to visit a place that was even one story above the ground floor, I rather got the idea that he was afraid of height. Under the building laws prevailing in Germany no building of more than five stories may be erected.

Perhaps the quality that he envied most in us was our inventive genius. When Orville Wright was flying at Tempelhof, in Berlin, in the early days of aviation, the Kaiser could not restrain his admiration.

"I wish I could encourage my people to become great inventors, such as America has produced," he declared, rather hopelessly. "I admire your wonderful inventive genius."

The Kaiser objected very much to the fact that many of the foreign opera singers were attracted to New York by reason of the fabulous sums paid them at the Metropolitan opera house.

Despite the fact that the Kaiser accused us of spending our money too lavishly, he repeatedly charged the English as well as ourselves with being money-worshippers.

"The Anglo-Saxons worship mammon, and they try to dress it all over with a show of religion," he said. "Your rich Americans have so much money, Davis, that they really don't know what to do with it. Why, recently one of your millionaires sent my castle at Corfu and sent one of his representatives to the court with the presumptuous message, 'Please tell the Kaiser that I will buy his castle at Corfu, and ask him what's his price.' I had word sent back that the castle was not for sale. The American then told my representative that he wouldn't take 'no' for an answer. The cheek of the man! He said he didn't care how much it cost. I sent word back to that man that there were not enough dollars in the world to buy that castle. There are some things that your dollars won't buy, Davis, and one of them is my beautiful castle at Corfu!"

CHAPTER XV.

The German People.

The oath of allegiance which every German soldier and public official takes binds him first to support the Kaiser, with his life and his money, and then the fatherland.

That is what the Kaiser referred to when he said, in the course of an address to a body of recruits at Potsdam:

"Body and soul you belong to me. If I command you to shoot your fathers and your mothers . . . you must follow my command without a murmur."

The same thought is involved, of course, in the Kaiser's invariable use of the possessive pronoun, first person, in talking of the German people. He always says "my people," never "the people." The worst feature about it is that not only does the Kaiser proceed upon the assumption that he owns the German people "body and soul," but the people themselves are willing to admit it. The Germans are the most willing vassals in the world.

Veneration and awe of the Kaiser are bred in the bone of the Germans. Even among the socialists, who are not nearly as opposed to the monarchical idea as is commonly supposed, there is strong sentiment of loyalty toward the emperor. True, the socialists are clamoring constantly for the reform vote and other political changes, but I doubt very much whether—before the war, at any rate—any large percentage of socialists would have seized the opportunity to dethrone the Kaiser had it presented itself. Certainly any such attempt would have been speedily smothered by those who remained loyal, even without the aid of the military.

As long as the Kaiser is able to uphold Germany's place among the nations of the world, so long will his people uphold him. They will stand behind him as long as he goes forward; they will repudiate him as soon as he turns back. They will acclaim him in triumph, but will not tolerate him in defeat. The Kaiser himself realizes that his tenure of office rests upon victory. The war was started for the sake of world dominion; it has been continued solely to save the Kaiser's throne.

Coming into such intimate and frequent contact with the Kaiser, I had a wonderful opportunity to observe the relations which existed between him and his people.

The conduct of the people since the war affords no safe criterion of their normal views and sentiments. The activity of government agents and the power of the inspired press exerted such a great influence on the feelings of the people that any outward signs of enthusiasm which they displayed must be liberally discounted. The demonstrations in favor of the Kaiser and his leaders since the war have been more or less artificial, the crowd being worked up by government agents and the press accounts have invariably magnified them. Before the war, however, whatever acclaim the Kaiser received from the public came spontaneously, and was for that reason of greater significance.

I know that whenever the Kaiser called at my office great crowds gathered outside to catch a glimpse of him when he came out. They waited patiently, sometimes for as long as an hour, for the sake of greeting their emperor. Their conduct on these occasions showed very plainly that he had a strong hold on their affections. The Kaiser was their idol, and they were ready to suffer any inconvenience for the sake of doing him honor.

It was customary for classes of school children to be taken to the Tiergarten from time to time to study the groups of statues of the Kaiser's ancestors in the Sieges Allee. They usually passed my house on their way to their object-lesson in patriotism. Sometimes, when the Kaiser was at my house, I have seen these children halted in front of the place to await the emperor's departure, their teachers, no doubt, feeling that the youngsters would gain greater inspiration from a fleeting glimpse of the living monarch than they could possibly derive from a prolonged study of the statues of his departed ancestors.

Most of my patients knew that the Kaiser visited me, and they never tired of asking questions about him. It was almost impossible for them to believe that they were to have the privilege of sitting in the very chair which their Kaiser had occupied.

"Does the Kaiser actually sit in this very chair?" they would ask in incredulous tones. "Does he ever talk about anything? Please tell me what he said the last time he was here."

TO BE CONTINUED.

Left It to Her.

"Do you break these sets?" asked the shopper in the chinaware department. "No, I'm sorry to say we don't, madam," replied the polite salesman. "But if you keep a servant girl, she will probably do it for you."—Town Topics.

Paper Shredder.

A machine has been invented which shreds various kinds of paper that are fed into it, making it into soft material, which can be used for packing fragile goods.

MRS. ROCKEFELLER HIT HARD



Prominent T. W. C. A. workers who were holding a convention in Portland, Me., visited a shipyard where the transatlantic Albatross was under construction. Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., tried her hand at driving a bolt in the keel, and wielded the hammer with skill and force.

He'll Mix 'Em Up.

"What's become of that waiter that used to wait on me?" asked the man in the restaurant.

"The fellow who always got your orders twisted?" asked the proprietor.

"That's him."

"Oh, he's enlisted and gone to the war."

"Good, I'll bet he'll mix things up, all right, all right."

THE BOOK OF A THOUSAND SONGS

The Greatest Song Book in the World

The Daily Courier

has arranged to distribute this great collection of old and new songs to its readers at less than one tenth of a cent apiece.

The colossal task, never before attempted, of placing under one cover more than a thousand of the world's most popular standard songs, old and new, has been accomplished.

In this great collection every music lover will find hundreds of songs, all set to music, that make a personal appeal.

It is a book that will become a veritable treasure of the library.

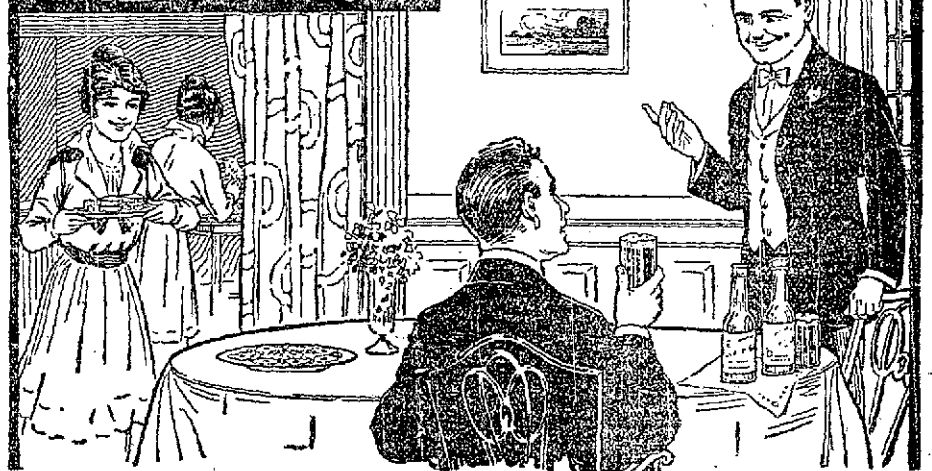
It is a book necessary to the patriotic, religious and musical education of your children.

1000 standard songs for less than one-tenth of a cent apiece.

Clip and Present 3 Coupons of Different Date From This Paper and **98c**
MAIL ORDERS FILLED When Postage Added; See Coupon for Rate.
TODAY'S COUPON ON PAGE 3

A Complete Musical Library Beautifully Bound in One Volume.

WHEN YOU ENTERTAIN THE FOLKS—



Be Sure to Serve them with the Best—

CONNELLSVILLE SPECIAL BEER

The same good beer with the same good reputation it had years and years ago, when the grown-ups of today were kids.

It is all Quality. No expense is spared—in materials, labor or process—to make it the best you can buy.

Ask for the Pittsburgh Brewing Co.'s

CONNELLSVILLE SPECIAL BEER

AT ALL GOOD CAFES, HOTELS, CLUBS—

ORDER A CASE SENT HOME

COKE MUST BE UP TO STANDARD OR TWO PRICES WILL RESULT

Is the Alternative Given Operators By the Fuel Administration.

A SYSTEM OF INSPECTION

To be Established to Guarantee Better Quality of Coke; Under New Law Only Those Employes With Full-Time Records Will be Exempted.

The important features of yesterday's meeting of the members of the Fayette County Fuel Committee and coal and coke operators in Uniontown were the announcement that if the quality of coke is not maintained to high standard two grades with two prices will be established, and that under the new law only those industrial employes who make full-time records will be entitled to exemption from military service.

The first of these announcements was made by Warren S. Blauvelt, director of coke distribution of the United States Fuel Administration, who stated that R. C. Glazier, of the Cambria Steel company, Johnstown, a practical furnaceman and coke expert has been named as director of coke inspection.

Mr. Blauvelt gave a very earnest talk to the operators assembled, emphasizing the fact that the increased production of coal and coke in the Connelville region has been placed upon the basis of human lives. He said that America's contribution towards winning the war had resolved itself into giving steel or lives. He stated that all officials reliably informed on America's war program agreed that the struggle could be brought to a victorious conclusion sometime in 1919 if the steel was forthcoming in the necessary quantity.

A huge tribute was paid to the workers in the region by Mr. Blauvelt for their showing of the Fourth of July and for the remarkable record made during the recent hot period. He urged the operators to give expression to the men that their work was appreciated.

"When you give a man a chance to do his duty and he knows that a record is being kept of what he does, they will come across in a great percentage," declared Mr. Blauvelt.

Any effort to drive the workers will tend to defeat the ultimate object of its purpose Mr. Blauvelt explained. He decried the efforts of some civil officials in making arrests on the excuse of patriotism in order to scare the men into the works.

"We absolutely cannot permit poor coke to go to the furnaces," Mr. Blauvelt declared, "which reduces their output when the war depends upon that coke. We have already taken steps along these lines and I can tell you now that there will be no profit in low coke."

Mr. Blauvelt warned the operators that the present coke inspection does not apply the desirability of two grades of coke will be the next step in the program. One of those grades will come up to the standard would be given the basic price of \$5 while the second grade not up to requirements would command but \$5. Mr. Blauvelt then explained the efforts he had made to maintain the established basic price of \$5 and that his advice had been accepted by Dr. Garfield.

George Gay member of the District of Greeneburg, stated that under the draft law the exemption of employes will depend upon their records. Men within the ages of the draft law whose record in the industrial army shows lapses for which no reasonable excuse can be advanced will receive no consideration from the district draft board or from the operators who must make supporting affidavits as to the claimants' essential occupation.

A number of operators present gave testimony to the value and effectiveness of the labor supervision system

that has been introduced by the Fuel Administration. Clay F. Lynch, general superintendent of the H. C. Frick Coke company, said that since the matter of greater production has been brought strongly to the attention of the men that the percentage of idleness had decreased very materially. Officials of the Hecla Coal & Coke company present told of the good results that had been secured from the awarding of medals to full time men rather than by emphasizing those who had not come up to the mark.

Benton Boyd, superintendent of the Adelaide and Trotter mines, told that the percentage of full time men had increased approximately 20 per cent since he commenced posting the list of full time men and that all indications were to a greater advance. Expressions were also heard on the liquor problem, the general sentiment being that the sale of strong drink should be discontinued.

LOCAL WAR NEWS

MUSICIAN IN 110TH

WRITES FROM FRANCE. Mrs. Joseph Malac of Vanderhill has received the following letter from her brother, Musician William F. Frick of Mount Pleasant, who is with the 110th Regiment band in France. He writes the letter on August 15, saying the boys have been up at the front twice, doing fine on each trip. The letter follows:

"Dear Sister:—This is Thursday afternoon, and the days in this month are surely not over here, so I always have to find myself a shady tree whenever I want to write or sleep. The trouble with sleeping here is, during the day time the flies bother us, and during the night it is the aeroplanes. They surely do like to come over us at night and drop their bombs. There is no use of writing you any war news because you can get it quickly in the newspapers, and besides I am not permitted to tell you much.

"We have been up to the front for the second time and the boys certainly do fine whenever they go after the Hun. When we first came here we were crazy to see a German aeroplane and now when we see one we look for the nearest hole to crawl in. We have seen a great many aeroplanes and balloons brought down since our stay here and it surely is nice to lay over a bank and watch some of the battles up in the air.

"We have it nice now as we are many miles from the front lines, and here is the only place a soldier gets any rest in this war. Up at the lines the guns and shells keep you in your dugouts most of the time.

"Back here we are getting good eats. For one meal we had roast beef, sweet potatoes, peas, corn, bread and butter and coffee with sugar and milk in it. I surely enjoyed that meal and I could scarcely move when through eating. All of our meals are not like this one but from now on we will be getting good eats and all we want. It is just like going down to Shady Grove Park for an outing when we can sit down under a shade tree and eat a good meal. Fritz used to say when we were at Camp Hancock, 'Well, boys, I will be opening up a dance at Shady Grove on the 30th of May,' but I will consider him lucky if he gets to open it up on that date next year. I surely hope he does, and I think all the other boys feel the same.

"We are all well, lots to eat, plenty of sleep and no work now. Lovingly, your brother, Bill."

PITTSBURGH BOYS, KNOWN

HERE, ARE WOUNDED. Through the Red Cross relatives have been apprised of the wounding of Edward and Edward Horne, sons of Mrs. Herbert Horne of Pittsburgh and grandsons of Mrs. Emmett Stillwagon of Fairview avenue, Connelville, both members of the 11th Infantry, formerly the 18th.

Raymond lost a leg and Edward was shot in the foot and a part of it, evidently, was amputated, according to the letter which was written by a Red Cross nurse. The boys have frequently visited in Connelville. Their mother is a sister of Mrs. J. C. Herwick, and John C. J. David, Freeman and Ernest L. Stillwagon of this city. It is understood the Hornes were wounded on August 6. Mrs. Stillwagon who has been ill for several

AGED CIVIL WAR VETERAN DIES AT MOUNT PLEASANT

Funeral Services for John A. Stevenson Will be Held This Afternoon.

MANY AT PATRIOTIC MEETING

Slovak, Bohemian, Polish, Russian, Italian and American Societies Are Represented at Gathering at Frick Park; Two Draftees Sent to Camp.

Sent to the Courier. MOUNT PLEASANT, Sept. 9.—John A. Stevenson, aged 73 years, died at his Main street home on Saturday morning. Mr. Stevenson was an adjutant in the Civil war, a life long member and the oldest teacher in the Reunion Presbyterian Sunday school. He is one of the oldest Odd Fellows in the town and for a number of years has conducted a hardware store. He also conducted a plumbing business. Mr. Stevenson for years served on the local school board and only resigned when his health failed him.

He is survived by one daughter, Madge. Funeral services will be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock and interment will follow in the local cemetery.

Sent to Camp Sherman. On Friday evening William F. Reed and Jesse Snyder were sent by local board No. 6 to answer a call at Camp Sherman, Ohio. The train left Connelville at 8:20.

Many at Patriotic Meeting.

The parade here yesterday preceded the patriotic meeting was one of the largest ever held and was taken part in by Slovak, Bohemian, Polish, Russian, Italian and American societies. At the park the following program was carried out: "Star Spangled Banner," choir and public welcome; addresses in English, Rev. George Olear, address, S. P. Stevens; address, English and Slav, Rev. V. J. Janda; address, Polish, Rev. M. J. Kolokski; singing, Greensburg choir; address, Judge Joseph Rudington; address, Slovak, John Janacek, Jr.; singing, Greensburg choir; address, Bohemian, Joseph Martinek; address, Slovak, Joseph Horvat; "America," by the audience.

Co. E Adopt New Slogan. A letter from William Queer of Company E, 110th Regiment, to E. A. Walker tells that he would not give his back yard in Mt. Pleasant for all of France and that Company E has adopted the following slogan: "Heaven Hell or Hoboken by Christmas," and to look for him.

Personal. Miss Gertrude Smith has returned to her Pittsburgh home after a visit to friends here.

Mrs. William McCracken of Sharon is the guest of friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred King of New Kensington spent Sunday here with friends.

Harold Myers of the Coast Reserve is visiting friends here.

Ralph Cohen of Camp Lee spent the Margolia.

months. is in a serious condition. The Hornes have not yet been officially reported as wounded.

CORPORAL ARTHUR GRAHAM

GETTING CLOSE TO GENS.

Writing to his wife, Corporal Arthur Graham of the 305th Ammunition Train, now in France, says he is well and enjoying life. He says that for the first time in three months he is sleeping on a bed. He adds also, that the guns are close enough to keep him from getting lonely.

LOCAL BOYS LEAVE

ON SEPTEMBER 15. Local draft board No. 2 received two calls for schools and have already placed several men who will leave September 18.

Mark Levine, James Small and Simon Penn will go to Lehigh University at South Bethlehem, while William J. Ball will go to the Bowman Technical school at Lancaster, Pa.

FREE

For a telephone call; a lovely photograph of lovelier OLIVE THOMAS

First: Cut this out.

Second: Go to the telephone—call the manager of the picture theatre you go to.

Third: Say this to him:

"Hello. This is one of your patrons. I want to see 'The Mayor of Filbert,' the exciting Wet vs. Dry fight picture. Will you try to get it while it's new and everybody is talking about it?"

Thank you—Good-bye."

Fourth: Mail us his name, address and what he said (a post card will do).

Fifth: Sign your name and address—and

Sixth: You'll get the photograph.

Note: "The Mayor of Filbert" is too immediate and too important to wait for usual motion picture routine. If you know a man who's a hustler, and wants to make a big, quick profit for some hard, fast work—tell him to write us. Of course, he must be responsible and stand well in the community. He ought to have or be able to get enough capital to carry the business for a month.

Address: TRIANGLE FILM CORPORATION Room 303—1457 Broadway, New York

There are two more vacancies however in the Lehigh University call which are yet to be filled. Any registrants wishing to go to this school should make application at the armory.

WRITES OF VISIT TO GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL.

Writing to Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Doyle of this city, Mrs. Pearl Hellen, of this city, who is touring the South tells of a visit to Kennelworth, N. C., a hospital taken over the government for the treatment of wounded and gassed soldiers. The letter in part follows:

"We all drove over to Kennelworth, the wonderful hospital the government has taken over and I tell you it was worth seeing. We went all around and 60 of our boys that had been over there are in the hospital. Some of them were gassed, and others wounded by shells.

"There were 150 German prisoners there. It is an immense hospital, the largest I ever saw. One cannot do enough for the Red Cross and I hope your coming street fair is a success."

CHARLES T. OTTO

WRITES FROM FRANCE.

Mrs. Charles E. Otto of East Crawford avenue has received three letters from her son, Charles T. Otto, who is with the 51st Engineers in France. The letters were written on August 13, 20 and 21. He speaks of France as being a beautiful country and says he is in the best of health.

He also tells of meeting a number of Connelville boys and asks that his friends in the shops write to him as nothing is more welcome than a letter from home.

Coach Sharpe at Camp Merritt. Dr. Albert Sharpe, Cornell's baseball and football coach, recently assumed his new duties as athletic director at Camp Merritt, Tenafly, N. J.

LOVE—TRAGEDY

Miss Columbia loved her lover As a sweetheart loved his lover; He swore by stars above or He loved and always would.

She liked to be called "dearie," And "love," and "snook," and "pet." Of "darling" she'd never weary; They would be lovers yet.

But— She killed him right at table With a well-aimed wheatless bun.

When his memory slipped its cable And he up and called her "hon."

—A. M. Corrigan.

DILL'S Balm of Life

(For Internal and External Use)

has been known for generations to be a necessity in the home as the cook-stove itself. Take internally at once according to directions for

Cramps, Colic Dysentery

Also invaluable as a solvent for rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, swellings of all sorts, sprains, sores, etc. The one preparation that should be on hand for sudden needs. Full directions with every bottle. Every good druggist and dealer in medicine has it. Also the other famous preparations of The Dill Co., of Northtown, Pa.

Dill's Liver Pills
Dill's Cough Syrup
Dill's Worm Syrup
Dill's Kidney Pills

Ask your Druggist or Dealer in Medicine. The kind mother always kept

YOU READ the Other Fellow's Ad

You are reading this one. That should convince you that advertising in these columns is a profitable proposition that it will bring business to your store. The fact that the other fellow advertises is probably the reason he is getting more business than is falling to you. Would it not be well to give the other fellow a chance

To Read Your Ad in These Columns?

WEAR Horner's Clothing

J. B. KURTZ, NOTARY PUBLIC AND REAL ESTATE. No. 8 South Meadow Lane, Connelville, Pa.

Long Distance Hauling

Hauling to All Parts

P. B. KESSLER.

613 McCormick Avenue. Tri-State 542-Z. Bell 234.

ORPHEUM THEATRE

—TODAY AND TOMORROW—

Can Beauty Solve the Servant Problem?

MARY PICKFORD Supplies the Answer in the New

Artcraft Production

"HOW COULD YOU JEAN"

Also Tweedle Dan in

"ALL FOR HER"

Long Distance Moving

By Large Motor Trucks

Expert Movers. All furniture guaranteed against damage.

OPPMAN'S TRANSFER

Bell 91-J and 91-M, Tri State 17. North Arch Street. Opposite Post Office.

WRIGHT-METZLER CO

200 Pairs Ladies' Silk Hose \$2.50

to \$3.50 Values, at \$2.00 Pair

First let it be stated clearly that these Stockings are of that good HEAVY QUALITY which most hosiery buyers despair of obtaining these troublous times.

One color only—BLACK—and we're glad they are black, for that is one of the colors most difficult of all to secure.

These stockings are known honestly and officially as "manufacturer's irregulars"—but there are no holes or drop-threads to mar the wear.

If not satisfactory after a thorough examination at home, you are at perfect liberty to return them—provided they are returned within our customary 3-day limit.

Women inquiring promptly will find a complete range of sizes from 8 1/2 to 10.

If You KNIT, Chances Are You Use MINERVA YARNS

For the consistent goodness of Minerva Yarns has earned for them the distinction of being considered by a majority of Fayette County women as standard for all knitting purposes.

MINERVA YARNS are here in fresh, new supplies, including oxford and khaki for the army and navy uses, as well as the high shades so popular for women's and children's garments.

We take pride in keeping prices just as low as conditions permit—Art Needle Section, Section Floor.

Royal Society Package Outfits For Fall Await Your Inspection

Lovers of garments dainty and sheer—of finest of hand work skillfully done will derive a vast measure of pleasure and information from an inspection of the new Royal Society Goods for the Fall of 1918.

No comment needed of their quality and beauty. Just a reminder of what to expect.



Dainty Lawn Aprons
Beautiful Lingerie
Center Pieces and Scarfs
Art Novelties
Waists, Dressing Sacques
Infants' Dresses
Carriage Robes
Children's Outfits

Hints of Autumn Gathered Here and There

—The new Pictorial Review Fashion Book for Fall together with Pictorial Review Patterns for October are ready today at the Pattern Department—first floor near stairway.

—New colored Organzaes are 42 inches wide and come in rose, popen, pink and lavender,—at \$1.25 the yard.

Every Soldier Boy Has a Right to These Comforts

—Toilet Kits, splendidly filled, \$5.00 to \$12.50.
—Army Blankets, good heavy quality, \$10.00 to \$16.50.
—Shaving Soaps, Creams, Talcum and Tooth Pastes, popular and well known brands,—at 25c, 35c and 50c.
—Tooth Brushes, a fine selection, 18c to 50c.
—Shaving Brushes, styles most men prefer, 50c to \$1.00.

First Aid Kits	Mess Kits	Housewives
Writing Pads	Diaries	Bibles
Testaments	Money Belts	Shirts
Fountain Pens	Rubber Pillows	Books
Uniforms	Socks	Leggings
O. D. Kerchiefs	Puttees	Underwear

The NEW EDISON

"The Phonograph with a Soul"

PATRONIZE HOME MERCHANTS WHO ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER.

PARAMOUNT THEATRE

—TODAY—

HAS A VAMPIRE EVER TRIED TO STEAL YOUR LOVER? WHAT WOULD YOU DO IF SHE DID? SEE MAY ALLISON IN THE METRO FIVE ACT SUPER-DRAMA.

"A SUCCESSFUL ADVENTURE"

A STORY PROVING THAT BLOOD WILL TELL. ALSO CHARLEY CHAPLIN IN A RIP ROARING COMEDY.

—TOMORROW—

A TALE OF YOUTH AND LOVE COMPELLING IS

"THE ONLY ROAD"

A 5-ACT METRO DRAMA OF ROMANCE AND THE GREAT SOUTH-WEST WITH THE BEWITCHING STAR, VIOLA DANA. ALSO A COMEDY AND WEEKLY.

BREWED FROM THE CHOICEST MATERIALS
CONNELLSVILLE'S FAVORITE BREW

Y O U G H

Indian



Head

B E E R

"IT HITS THE SPOT"